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Worksheet on ancillary emissions of methane and CO2: coal mining and related operations

Background calculations on ancillary emissions of methane and carbon dioxide

Heede, CMS
28-Dec-12

Copyright Climate Mitigation Services

Coal fugitive methane: IPCC Tier 1 Guidelines values

IPCC Guidelines 2006: default values for CH4 and CO2 emissions from Flaring, Venting, and Fugitives from Natural Gas Production and Oil Production
Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (2006) 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories: Volume 2: Energy, Chapter 4: Fugitive Emissions, Geneva; www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp/public/2006gl/

Table 1		
	Low	Average
Underground mining	m^3/t mined	m^3/t mined
Mining	10.00	18.00
Post-mining	0.90	2.50
Total	10.90	20.50
UG/SF	36.33	15.77

Table 3		
	Low	Average
Underground mining	kg CO2e/t mined	kg CO2e/t mined
Mining	140.70	253.26
Post-mining	12.66	35.18
Total	153.36	288.44
Mining	4.22	16.88
Post-mining	-	1.41
Total	4.22	18.29

Table 5		
	Low	Average
Combined mining	kg CO2e/t mined	kg CO2e/t mined
UG & SUR, averaged	78.79	153.36
Combustion factor	2,129	2,129
Emission rate	3.70%	7.20%

Table 7	
Mining method	Percent
Underground	60%
Surface	40%

World Coal Institute, London.

linked to summary table 9, and thereto SumRanking.xls

Table 8		
	Combustion EF	Units
Coal	2.1289	MtCO2/Mt thermal coal
linked to emission factor in SumCoal.xls		

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
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Coal fugitive methane: IPCC Tier 1 Guidelines values

4.1.3.2 CHOICE OF EMISSION FACTORS FOR UNDERGROUND MINES

MINING

Tier 1 Emission Factors for underground mining are shown below. The emission factors are the same as those described in the *Revised 1996 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories* (BTSRE, 1992; Bibler et al., 1991; Lema, 1992; Pilcher et al., 1991; USEPA, 1993a,b and Zimmermeyer, 1989).

EQUATION 4.1.3

$$\text{Tier 1: GLOBAL AVERAGE METHOD - UNDERGROUND MINING - BEFORE ADJUSTMENT FOR ANY METHANE UTILISATION OR FLARING}$$

$$\text{CH}_4 \text{ emissions} = \text{CH}_4 \text{ Emission Factor} \bullet \text{Underground Coal Production} \bullet \text{Conversion Factor}$$

Where units are:

Methane Emissions (Gg year⁻¹)

CH₄ Emission Factor (m³ tonne⁻¹)

Underground Coal Production (tonne year⁻¹)

Emission Factor:

Low CH ₄ Emission Factor	= 0.9 m ³ tonne ⁻¹
Average CH ₄ Emission Factor	= 2.5 m ³ tonne ⁻¹
High CH ₄ Emission Factor	= 4.0 m ³ tonne ⁻¹

2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories

4.11

Volume 2: Energy

Emission Factor:

Low CH ₄ Emission Factor	= 10 m ³ tonne ⁻¹
Average CH ₄ Emission Factor	= 18 m ³ tonne ⁻¹
High CH ₄ Emission Factor	= 25 m ³ tonne ⁻¹

Conversion Factor:

This is the density of CH₄ and converts volume of CH₄ to mass of CH₄. The density is taken at 20°C and 1 atmosphere pressure and has a value of $0.67 \times 10^6 \text{ Gg m}^{-3}$.

Countries using the Tier 1 approach should consider country-specific variables such as the depth of major coal seams to determine the emission factor to be used. As gas content of coal usually increases with depth, the low end of the range should be chosen for average mining depths of <200 m, and for depths of > 400 m the high value is appropriate. For intermediate depths, average values can be used.

For countries using a Tier 2 approach, basin-specific emission factors may be obtained from sample ventilation air data or from a quantitative relationship that accounts for the gas content of the coal seam and the surrounding strata affected by the mining process, along with raw coal production. For a typical longwall operation, the amount of gas released comes from the coal being extracted and from any other gas-bearing strata that are located within 150 m above and 50 m below the mined seam (*Good Practice Guidance*, 2000).

IPCC 2006: Underground mining: fugitive methane, page 4.11

TABLE 4.1.5

TIER 1 - ABANDONED UNDERGROUND MINES

DEFAULT VALUES - PERCENTAGE OF COAL MINES THAT ARE GASSY

Time Interval	Low	High
1900-1925	0%	10%
1926-1950	3%	50%
1950-1976	5%	75%
1976-2000	8%	100%
2001-Present	9%	100%

IPCC 2006, page 4.24

IPCC values:

(applied 22Dec12)

Table 9

Final coal mining methane rates

Table of factors calculated on this worksheet and linked to the entity summary worksheet (SumRanking.xls)

Final coal mining methane rates

Methane

Coal mining emissions

kg CH ₄ /t coal	kg CH ₄ /t CO ₂	kg CO _{2e} /t CO ₂
----------------------------	---------------------------------------	--

adjusted for mining method, Table 7

8.06	3.90	81.92
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linked to Table 10	linked to Table 6	Cell F146 * 21
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IPCC average value	(per IPCC SAR)	
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Draft coal mine CO₂ liberation rates

Carbon Dioxide

Coal mining emissions

kg CO ₂ /t C	kg CO ₂ /t CO ₂	kg CO ₂ /t coal
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4.52	1.23126	2.62
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linked to Table 18	linked to Table 18	Cell F142 * 21
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linked to SumRanking	(per IPCC SAR)	
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Summary of Ancillary methane factors for coal operations used in SumRanking.xls

Coal ancillary CH4

Coal ancillary CH4

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
221	Total OECD	1990	303.3	14.4	na												1.8623
222		1995	228.8	10.9	na												1.8623
223		2000	216.5	10.3	na												1.8623
224		2005	coal 2004	216.9	10.3	na											1.8623
225																	
226	EPA, Scheele 2002	non-OECD	Gg CH4	million tonnes CH4	million tons	million tonnes											
227	China	1990	8,775	8.78	1,190.4	1,079.9											1.8623
228		1995	10,373	10.37	1,537.0	1,394.3											1.8623
229		2000	8,180	8.18	1,314.4	1,192.4											1.8623
230		2005	coal 2004	9,438	9.44	2,156.4	1,956.3										1.8623
231	India	1990	330	0.33	247.6	224.6											1.8623
232		1995	421	0.42	320.6	290.8											1.8623
233		2000	464	0.46	370.0	335.7											1.8623
234		2005	coal 2004	680	0.68	443.7	402.5										1.8623
235	South Africa	1990	320	0.32	193.2	175.3											1.8623
236		1995	317	0.32	227.3	206.2											1.8623
237		2000	337	0.34	248.9	225.8											1.8623
238		2005	coal 2004	353	0.35	267.7	242.8										1.8623
239	World Total	1990	27,129	27.13	5,347.5	4,851.3											1.8623
240		1995	24,731	24.73	5,095.8	4,622.9											1.8623
241		2000	21,715	21.72	4,935.0	4,477.0											1.8623
242		2005	coal 2004	23,449	23.45	6,078.6	5,514.4										1.8623
243																	1.8623
244																	
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246																	
247																	
248	Table 13		CH4 emissions	Coal production													
249			million tonnes CH4	million tons	million tonnes												
250	World estimates, in Kirchgessner et al, 2000	Tg CH4			Mt												CDIAC 2000 EF tCO2/t coal
251	Kirchgessner, 1993	1989	World	45.6	5,310.1	4,817.3											
252	CIAB, 1994	1990	World	26.0	5,347.5	4,851.3											1.8623
253	Fung et al, 1991	circa 1985	World	39.0	4,887.2	4,433.6											1.8623
254	Boyer et al, 1990	1987	World	53.5	5,115.9	4,641.1											1.8623
255	Cicerone & Oremland,	circa 1985	World	35.0	4,887.2	4,433.6											1.8623
256	Crutzen, 1987	circa 1985	World	37.0	4,887.2	4,433.6											1.8623
257																	
258																	
259	kg CH4/tonne coal																
260	Table 14		CH4 emissions	Coal production	CMS estimates												
261	Stern & Kaufmann (CDIAC), 1996	Tg CH4	MtC	MtCO2	million t coal												
262	Dataset	1860	World	8.5	91	333	179										
263		1880	World	5.2	233	854	458										
264		1900	World	11.5	515	1,887	1,013										
265		1920	World	19.3	843	3,089	1,659										
266		1940	World	22.3	1,017	3,726	2,001										
267		1960	World	30.3	1,410	5,167	2,774										
268		1980	World	38.8	1,947	7,134	3,831										
269		2000	World	43.8	2,370	8,684	4,663										
270		2010	World	63.6	3,807	13,950	7,491										
271	Total	1860-2010	World	3,534.4	173,414	635,420	341,197										
272																	
273																	
274																	
275	CDIAC Coal Prod'n C data 1860-2010																
276	Simple average of world estimates reported in Kirchgessner et al and Stern & Kaufmann																67
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Coal ancillary CH4

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Coal ancillary CH4

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378	Table 19		EPA data and on U.S. coal mining methane emissions														
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384																	
385	UG = underground																
386	GcCH4 to MtCH4		US coal (UG)	US coal CO2 (UG)	CH4, UG mining	CH4, abandoned mines	Total CH4 (UG)	CH4 rate	CH4 rate								
387			million tonnes	MtCO2	MtCH4	MtCH4	MtCH4	kg CH4/tonne mined	kg CH4/tCO2								
388			EPA 2012 Table 3-30	calculated	EPA 2012 Table 3-29	EPA 2012 Table 3-33	summed	calculated	calculated								
389			"International Energy Statistic"	(bituminous EF)	*includes post-mining	all from UG mines											
390			1990	384	937	3.336	0.288	3.624	9.43	3.868							
391			2005	334	815	1.969	0.264	2.233	6.68	2.738							
392			2006	326	794	1.992	0.261	2.253	6.92	2.836							
393			2007	319	778	1.988	0.254	2.242	7.02	2.880							
394			2008	324	790	2.394	0.253	2.647	8.17	3.351							
395			2009	301	735	2.627	0.244	2.871	9.53	3.908							
396			2010	306	746	2.729	0.237	2.966	9.70	3.977							
397			Total 1990-2010	2,295	5,596	17.0	1.8	18.8	57.4	23.6							
398			Weighted average US 1990-2010												8.209	3.366	
399	Table 20		EPA data on surface coal mining and associated methane emissions														
400																	
401			US coal (surface)		US coal CO2 (surface)		Emissions, surface		CH4 rate	CH4 rate							
402			million tonnes	MtCO2	MtCH4	MtCH4	MtCH4	kg CH4/tonne mined	kg CH4/tCO2								
403			EPA 2012 Table 3-30	calculated	EPA 2012 Table 3-29	calculated	calculated	calculated	calculated								
404			(sub-bituminous EF)		*includes post-mining												
405			1990	547	992		0.667	1.22	0.672								
406			2005	691	1,254		0.736	1.06	0.587								
407			2006	728	1,322		0.777	1.07	0.588								
408			2007	720	1,306		0.766	1.06	0.586								
409			2008	738	1,339		0.791	1.07	0.591								
410			2009	671	1,218		0.714	1.06	0.586								
411			2010	694	1,259		0.728	1.05	0.578								
412			Total 1990-2010	4,790	8,689		5.2	7.6	4.2								
413			Weighted average US 1990-2010												1.081	0.596	
414																	
415	Table 21		EPA data on surface & underground coal mining and associated methane emissions														
416																	
417			US coal (total)		US coal CO2 (total)		Emissions, total		CH4 rate	CH4 rate							
418			million tonnes	MtCO2	MtCH4	MtCH4	MtCH4	kg CH4/tonne mined	kg CH4/tCO2								
419			summed	summed	summed	summed	summed	calculated	calculated								
420			1990	931	1,929		4.291	4.61	2.224								
421			2005	1,026	2,070		2.969	2.89	1.434								
422			2006	1,054	2,116		3.029	2.87	1.432								
423			2007	1,039	2,084		3.008	2.89	1.443								
424			2008	1,062	2,128		3.438	3.24	1.615								
425			2009	973	1,953		3.585	3.69	1.836								
426			2010	1,000	2,004		3.694	3.70	1.843								
427			Total 1990-2010	7,084	14,285		24.0	23.9	11.8								
428			Weighted average US 1990-2010												3.390	1.681	
429																	
430			1 million tonnes coal (ave thermal):		2.1289	MtCO2	(CMS worksheet on coal emissions)										
431			1 million tonnes coal (bituminous):		2.4386	MtCO2	(CMS worksheet on coal emissions)										
432			1 million tonnes coal (sub-bituminous):		1.8141	MtCO2	(CMS worksheet on coal emissions)										
433			linked to SumCoal.xls														
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Table 3-30: Coal Production (Thousand Metric Tons)

Year	Underground	Surface	Total
1990	384,244	546,808	931,052
2005	334,398	691,448	1,025,846
2006	325,697	728,447	1,054,144
2007	319,139	720,023	1,039,162
2008	323,932	737,832	1,061,764
2009	301,241	671,475	972,716
2010	305,862	693,732	999,594

EPA (2012) U.S draft inventory 2010, page 3-41.

72

Table 3-28: CH4 Emissions from Coal Mining (Tg CO2 Eq.)

Activity	1990	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
UG Mining	2,968	1,663	1,693	1,698	2,102	2,360	2,459
Liberated		3,234	2,588	2,422	2,881	3,149	3,402
Recovered & Used		(266)	(726)	(895)	(724)	(789)	(943)
Surface Mining		573.6	633.1	668.0	658.9	680.5	614.2
Post-Mining (UG)		368.3	305.9	298.5	289.6	292.0	266.7
Post-Mining (Surface)		93.2	102.9	108.5	107.1	110.6	99.8
Total	4,003	2,705	2,768	2,754	3,186	3,340	3,458

Note: Totals may not sum due to independent rounding. Parentheses indicate negative values.

EPA (2012) U.S draft inventory 2010, page 3-40.

Table 3-33: CH4 Emissions from Abandoned Coal Mines (Gg)

Activity	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Abandoned									
Underground Mines	6.0	8.9	8.9	7.0	7.6	8.9	9.0	8.1	7.6
Recovered & Used	+	0.7	1.5	1.5	2.2	3.6	3.7	3.0	2.7
Total	6.0</td								

Coal ancillary CH4

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additional data on coal methane

Table 1-2: IPCC Suggested Underground Emissions Factors for Selected Countries

Country	Emissions Factor (m ³ /ton)	Emissions Factor ^a (tCO ₂ -eq/ton)
FSU	17.8-22.2	0.25-0.32
United States	11.0-15.3	0.16-0.22
Germany	22.4	0.32
United Kingdom	15.3	0.22
Poland	6.8-12.0	0.10-0.17
Czechoslovakia	23.9	0.34
Australia	15.6	0.22

Source: IPCC, 1996. Adapted from Reference Manual Table 1-54.

FSU = Former Soviet Union.

* Conversion factor of 1 m³ = 0.0143 tCO₂-eq = 35.31 t³ × 0.00404 tCO₂-eqU.S. EPA (2006) Global Mitigation of Non-CO₂ Greenhouse Gases, EPA Office of Atmospheric Programs and RTI International, 484 pp., page II-5.

Bilber, Carol J., James S Marshall, & Raymond C Pilcher (1998) Status of worldwide coal mine methane emissions and use, International Journal of Coal Geology, volume 35:283-310, Feb98.

Abstract: "Underground coal mines worldwide liberate an estimated 29–41×10⁹ m³ of methane annually, of which less than 2.3 ×10⁹ m³ are used as fuel."Table 1-3: Historical Baseline Emissions for Coal Mine CH₄ for Selected Countries (MtCO₂-eq)

Country	1990	1995	2000
China	126.1	149.1	117.6
United States	81.9	65.8	56.2
India	10.9	13.7	15.8
Australia	15.8	17.5	19.6
Russian Federation	60.9	36.8	29.0
Ukraine	55.3	30.1	28.3
North Korea	25.3	27.2	26.9
Poland	16.8	15.6	11.9
South Africa	6.7	6.7	7.1
United Kingdom	18.3	12.6	7.0
Germany	25.8	17.6	10.2
Kazakhstan	24.9	17.2	10.0
Colombia	1.9	2.0	3.0
Mexico	1.5	1.8	2.1
Czech Republic	7.6	5.8	5.0
Rest of the world	37.2	32.3	27.1
World Total	516.7	451.5	376.9

Source: USEPA, 2006.

US EPA (2006) Global Mitigation of Non-CO₂ Greenhouse Gases, Jun06, page II-5Table 1-4: Projected Baseline Emissions for Coal Mine CH₄ for Selected Countries (MtCO₂-eq)

Country	2005	2010	2015	2020
China	135.7	153.8	171.8	189.9
United States	55.3	51.1	46.4	46.4
India	19.5	23.1	28.4	33.6
Australia	21.8	26.4	28.2	29.7
Russian Federation	26.3	27.5	26.9	26.3
Ukraine	26.3	24.5	23.8	23.2
North Korea	25.6	24.3	23.1	21.9
Poland	11.3	10.8	10.3	9.8
South Africa	7.4	7.2	7.1	7.4
United Kingdom	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.2
Germany	8.4	7.7	7.1	5.9
Kazakhstan	6.7	6.4	6.1	5.8
Colombia	3.4	4.0	4.7	5.5
Mexico	2.5	2.8	3.3	3.7
Czech Republic	4.8	3.9	3.1	3.0
Rest of the world	26.5	27.5	28.9	31.1
World Total	388.1	407.6	425.6	449.5

Source: USEPA (2006).

US EPA (2006) Global Mitigation of Non-CO₂ Greenhouse Gases, Jun06, page II-6.

Country	Coal Production (Mt)			CH ₄ Emissions (Tg)	
	Underground	Surface	Total	Low	High
China	1,024	43	1,066	9.5	16.6
United States	385	548	934	3.6	5.7
Former USSR	393	309	701	4.8	6.0
Germany	77	359	436	1.0	1.2
India	109	129	238	0.4	0.4
Poland	154	58	212	0.6	1.5
Australia	52	154	206	0.5	0.8
South Africa	112	63	175	0.8	2.3
Czechoslovakia*	22	85	107	0.3	0.5
United Kingdom	75	14	89	0.6	0.9
Subtotal (Top 10)	2,043	1,762	4,164	22.1	35.9
World Total				4,740	24.4

Source: USEPA (1994).

IPCC (1996) Guidelines: CH₄ Emissions: Coal Mining and Handling, page 130.

by William Irving (US EPA) and Oleg Taliakov (Russia Coalbed Methane Center)

Note: the IPCC(2006) Revised Guidelines does not estimate global emissions

EPA (2012) Draft Inventory of U.S. Emissions and Sinks 2010, Annex 3: Methodological Descriptions for Additional Source or Sink Categories,

Table A-120: Total Coal Mining CH₄ Emissions (Billion Cubic Feet)

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
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additional data on coal methane

Table 5-20. Average U.S. Coal Mining CH₄ Emission Factors

Activity	Emission Factor ^a , Original Units			Emission Factor, Converted Units		
	scf CH ₄ / short ton coal			tonne CH ₄ / short ton coal		
	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007
Underground Mining (Ventilation and Degassification)	241	248	242	0.00463	0.00476	0.00463
Underground Post-Mining (coal handling)	43.4	41.8	42.6	0.000833	0.000801	0.000918
Surface Mining	43.3	43.6	42.8	0.000830	0.000822	0.000915
Surface Post-Mining (coal handling)	6.56	7.47	7.56	0.000126	0.000143	0.000139

Footnotes and Sources:

Derived from data presented in: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). *Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2007*. Annexes, April 15, 2009. See derivation in Appendix B.

American Petroleum Institute (2009) Compendium of Greenhouse Gas emissions Methodologies for the Oil and Gas Industry, Aug09, 807 pp.

Table 5-20, page 5-83

COAL MINE METHANE IN RUSSIA: Capturing the Safety and Environmental Benefits – © OECD/IEA 2009**Table 4: Coal production and estimated average methane releases during 2003 at potentially productive mines in the Kuznetskii and Pechorskiy basins**

Mine	Average daily production of coal, t/day	Volumes of gas released per minute, including captured CH ₄ , m ³ /min	Volumes of gas released per tonne of coal produced, m ³ /t	Average output of methane drainage vacuum pumps, m ³ /min	Mine rating by methane hazard ¹⁶
Siberian Coal Energy Company (SUEK) (Kuznetskii basin)					
Kirova	9 225	99.0	20.8	18.6	3.3
7 November	6 755	31.9	25.5	15.7	15.9
Oktiabrskaya	5 200	54.7	21.5	15.2	6.0
Polysayevskaya	4 717	79.3	13.0	31.4	6.5
Komsomolets	4 363	88.1	17.4	29.1	5.9
Yuzhukuzbassugol (Kuznetskii basin)					
Yesaulskaya	12 531	165.4	30.5	20.6	3.9
Yubileynaya	5 569	59.5	–	28.1	–
Ulianovskaya	5 964	16.7	–	4.1	–
Abashevskaya	6 148	133.4	–	31.2	–
Alardinskaya	3 192	72.1	18.9	32.6	8.5
Gramoteinskaya	4 947	10.9	8.1	3.1	2.1
Osinnikovskaya	3 110	84.3	34.2	39.0	15.7
Tayzhina	2 702	51.3	8.9	28.7	5.0
Tomskaya	1 030	30.3	14.8	41.6	20.3
Kusheyakovskaya	3 075	10.2	–	3.4	–
Tomusinskaya 5-6	3 236	35.9	11.7	16.0	5.2

¹⁶Coal mines in Russia are classified according to their relative methane content and nature of risks. There are five mine categories: Category 1 with methane content up to 5 m³/t of daily coal production; Category 2: 5-10 m³/t; Category 3: 10-15 m³/t; Super-hazardous: over 15 m³/t; and a fifth category for mines where coal seams with possible outbursts of coal, gas and rock are mined, "Hazardous with risk of sudden outbursts".

International Energy Agency (2009) Coal Mine Methane in Russia: Capturing the safety and environmental benefits, 66 pp.

Table 5-21. Australian Coal Mining CH₄ Emission Factors

State	tonnes CO ₂ /tonne run-of-mine coal extracted	tonnes CH ₄ /tonne run-of-mine coal extracted
	^a	^a
Open Cut Coal Extraction, by State		
New South Wales	0.045	0.945
Victoria	0.007	0.0147
Queensland	0.017	0.357
Western Australia	0.017	0.357
South Australia	0.007	0.0147
Tasmania	0.014	0.294
Coal Extraction, by Mine Type		
Gassy Mine	0.305	6.405
Non-gassy mine	0.008	0.168
Post-Mining	0.014	0.294

Footnote and Source:

Australian Government, Department of Climate Change, *National Greenhouse Accounts (NGA) Factors*, Section 2.4.1, November 2008. Original units are tonnes CO₂/tonne run-of-mine coal.

American Petroleum Institute (2009) Compendium of Greenhouse Gas emissions Methodologies for the Oil and Gas Industry, Aug09, 807 pp.

Table 5-21, page 5-84.

Note: Column headers appear to be reversed, at CH₄ = 21xCO₂.

Coal ancillary CH4

Cell: C21

Comment: Rick Heede:

Stern & Kaufmann estimate coal-mining methane emissions from 1860 through 1994 in Tg CH4 per year. CMS extrapolates methane emissions from 1995-2010 by applying a methane rate per tonne of carbon emitted per year (using CDIAC data) but decreasing by one percent per year 1995-2010. This lowers the rate from 19.62 kg CH4 per tC in 1994 to 16.70 kg CH4 per tC in 2010.

Stern, David I., & Robert K. Kaufmann (1998) Annual Estimates of Global Anthropogenic Methane Emissions: 1860-1994, U.S. DOE, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center, 4 pp., <http://cdiac.esd.ornl.gov/trends/meth/ch4.htm>

Cell: C26

Comment: Rick Heede:

IPCC 2006 Guidelines, vol. 2, chapter 4: Fugitive emissions; Surface mining: fugitive methane, page 4.18.

Cell: C59

Comment: Rick Heede:

World Coal Institute (2005) The Coal Resources: A Comprehensive Overview of Coal, London, 44 pp., www.worldcoal.org/resources/wca-publications/

Cell: J137

Comment: Rick Heede:

CMS, 23July2012:

Data for underground coal seams in the Appalachian Basin (USA) suggests CO2 content ranging from 0.5 to 10 percent in coal bed methane studies. As a thought experiment, let's assume an average of 4 percent CO2 content in gas emissions vented from underground coal mining. The United States underground production totaled 305.86 million tonnes (Mt), and 693.73 Mt from open cast mines, 30.6 percent of the 999.59 Mt total in 2010. Methane liberated from underground mines (including post-mining of 0.27 MtCH4) totaled 3.672 MtCH4, and equivalent to 77.1 MtCO2e; thus a methane rate (when divided by UG production) of 9.70 kgCH4/tonne for UG mining, and equivalent to 203.7 kg CO2e/t. Next we dilute methane and CO2 from vented gases by total U.S. coal production, since surface mines have much lower gas content, most of the gases already having migrated, we can broadly estimate that 203.7 kg CO2e/t * 30.6 percent equals 62.3 kg CO2e/t. If we assume 4 percent CO2 content in liberated mine gas - most of which is directly vented (not flared) along with the methane, or captured and used - then the average CO2 rate is 2.4933 kg CO2/tonne coal mined. Multiply this by 2010 global production by Carbon Major entities of 5,692 million tonnes and we estimate global vented CO2 totaling 14.2 MtCO2 (global production [EIA data] of 7,364 t would yield ~18.4 MtCO2 globally vented). The rate per unit of coal-emissions is quite small: the emission factor for coal combustion averaged over all Carbon Major coal producers is 2,025 kg CO2/tonne coal, thus 2.493 kg CO2/ 2,025 kg CO2 equals 0.123 percent, or 1.23 kg CO2/CO2 from coal combustion.

Sources: Lyons, Paul C. (1996) Coalbed methane potential in the Appalachian states of Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Maryland, Ohio, Virginia, Kentucky, and Tennessee—An overview, USGS Open-File Report 96-735. Cites CO2 content ranging from 0.5 to 10 percent.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2012) Draft Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2010, 471 pp., Feb12, Table 3-30. See also: U.S. Energy Information Administration (2011) Annual Coal Report, Tables 1 and 3.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2008b) Upgrading Drained Coal Mine Methane to Pipeline Quality: A Report on the Commercial Status of System Suppliers, EPA Publication: EPA-430-R08-004, Jan08, Coalbed Methane Outreach Program, US EPA, www.epa.gov/coalbed/docs/red24.pdf. Table 2. Operating CMM Upgrade Facilities: shows CMM N and CO2 in IL, VA, PA, WV, AL ranging in CO2 1% to 5%.

U.S. Dept of Energy (2009) Capture and Use of Coal Mine Ventilation Air Methane, Deborah A. Kosmack, Sep09, U.S. Department of Energy & CONSOL Energy Inc. Table 1. Gas Chromatography Analysis of Gas Samples Taken During Vent Capacity Tests: Methane 40 to 44%, N: 50-53%, CO2: 3.6-4.1%.

Cell: K138

Comment: Rick Heede:

Carbon Majors coal production of 162.7 billion tonnes; * 2.62 kg CO2/tonne = 426.6 MtCO2 excluded from CM analysis.

Cell: B157

Comment: Rick Heede:

Andronova, N. G., & I. L. Karol (1993) "The contribution of USSR sources to global methane emission," Chemosphere, vol. 26(1-4):111-126.

Cell: O166

Comment: Rick Heede:

This table summarizes several sources of methane emissions from coal mines in regions and countries of the world. The focus is on methane. A few figures are offered for CO2 emissions -- chiefly from Australian operators -- even though such CO2 emissions are from diesel fuel and electricity consumption, and (as far as CMS can determine) is typically offsite fuel and electricity. Thus, to avoid double counting of fuels already accounted for elsewhere (eg, in crude oil or coal production data), these CO2 emissions estimates are ignored as ancillary emissions sources. There may be cases in which electricity is generated using coal mined on-site, in which case the presumption would be a reduction in reported coal sales; CMS does not have sufficient data to estimate this true ancillary emissions source.

Note: CMS has, necessarily, used production data typically reported by coal operators as "saleable production" or "sales". Run of mine (ROM) production is typically higher but seldom reported. At Centennial Coal Company's proposed Anvil Hill opencast mine, the company estimates average saleable production equal to 76 percent of ROM production. The disposition of the coal not marketed is unknown, and CMS has no indication that any of this coal is used for on-site generation of electricity. CMS does not account for emissions from diesel fuel or electricity, assumed to be procured from third parties, as explained above.

Cell: Q167

Comment: Rick Heede:

Calculated by CMS in worksheet on "Coal C Coefficients" in this workbook.

CMS re-calculated this factor: CDIAC emissions in 2010 / 2000 coal production (EIA data). The 2010 factor (based on forecast coal production, hence not used): 1.894 tCO2/t coal.

Cell: B175

Comment: Rick Heede:

Coal Industry Advisory Board 1992 estimates of methane emissions from mining activities in ten countries is reported in Thakur et al (1994). CMS reports the CIAB estimate for China below.

Cell: B188

Comment: Rick Heede:

EIA (2006) Emissions of Greenhouse Gases in the United States, 2005, Table 16, p. 39; units in million tonnes CH4. Coal production also from EIA (2006) International Energy Annual 2004, Table 2.5 World Coal Production, 1980-2004.

Note: The methane emissions are net to the atmosphere, and account for 0.76 MtCH4 recovered for energy, and is thus combusted into CO2. In 1990, EIA reports 0.26 MtCH4 recovered for energy. The 2004 datum also includes 0.60 MtCH4 of post-mining emissions (0.55 from underground mines and 0.05 from surface mines).

Cell: B190

- Comment:** Rick Heede:
Andronova, N. G., & I. L. Karol (1993) "The contribution of USSR sources to global methane emission," Chemosphere, vol. 26(1-4):111-126.
- Cell:** B195
Comment: Rick Heede:
Thakur et al (1996) "Global Coalbed Methane Recovery and Use," Energy Conversion and Mngnt, vol. 37: 789-794.
- Cell:** B197
Comment: Rick Heede:
EPA (2001) Non-CO₂ Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Developed Countries: 1990-2010, Appendix B-3 Methane Emissions from Coal Mining Activities, 1990-2010 (MMTCO₂), EPA-430-R-01-007. CK: units in MMTCO₂, defined on page 1-1: "million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent". Presumably at 21xCO₂; confirmed at page 2-1 (per IPCC 1996).
- Cell:** D201
Comment: Rick Heede:
All country coal production data from US EIA (2006) International Energy Annual 2004, Table 2.5 World Coal Production, 1980-2004; units in million short tons.
- Cell:** B227
Comment: Rick Heede:
Scheehle, Elizabeth (2002) Emissions and Projections of Non-CO₂ Greenhouse Gases for Developing Countries: 1990-2020, draft, 73 pp., US EPA, (still "out for review").
- Cell:** Q249
Comment: Rick Heede:
Calculated Jul12 for 2000: CDIAC coal emissions / 2000 coal production (EIA data); see SumCoal.xls
- Cell:** D251
Comment: Rick Heede:
Kirchgessner, David A., Stephen Piccot, & Sushma S. Masemore (2000) "An Improved Inventory of Methane Emissions from Coal Mining in the United States," J. of Air & Waste Management Association, vol. 50:1904-1915; also U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, National Risk Management Research Laboratory, 55 pp. epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/ch14/related/mine.pdf
- The world methane emissions estimates shown below are from Table 1, p. 38; CMS does not list earlier global estimates from Koyama (1963), Hitchcock & Wechsler (1972), Ehhalt & Schmidt (1978), and Seiler (1984).
Kirchgessner et al provide improved estimates of U.S. methane emissions from coal operations based on direct measurements of coal types. Since the present purpose is to represent estimates of global methane emissions, CMS quotes at length from this important paper on the methodological differences between the global estimates listed below (Kirchgessner et al, p. 3):
"The estimate produced by the Coal Industry Advisory Board (CIAB) yields a relatively low estimate of 26 million tons because of the low emissions factors used. ... Methodological and other differences among the estimates in Table 1 make direct comparisons difficult. One problem is that the estimates represent different base years with different coal production rates and, presumably, different methane emissions. Some estimates did not include that all the coal produced globally account for hard coal only, excluding brown coals and lignite which contain low quantities of methane. Only the estimates of Boyer et al., CIAB, and Kirchgessner et al. include estimates of post-mining operations, and none address the emissions characteristics of abandoned mines. Perhaps the most important difference to understand is that different emissions factors have been employed by the various researchers and, while it is not always explicit from the published papers, factors used range from 160 to 670 ft³ of methane per ton of coal mined. The lowest emissions factors appear to have been based on the assumption that the amount of methane liberated during mining is limited to the methane originally contained in the mined coal. This is a negatively biased assumption for most underground coal mines, since it is now known that actual emissions are usually several times higher than the emissions associated with the mined coal alone."
- Cell:** B252
Comment: Rick Heede:
Kirchgessner, D., S. D. Piccot, & J. D. Winkler (1993) "Estimate of Global Methane Emissions From Coal Mines," Chemosphere, vol. 26:453-472.
- Cell:** B253
Comment: Rick Heede:
Coal Industry Advisory Board (1994) Global Methane and the Coal Industry, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, Paris.
- Cell:** B254
Comment: Rick Heede:
Fung, I., J. John, J. Lerner, E. Matthews, M. Prather, L. P. Steele, & P. J. Fraser (1991) J. Geophys. Res., vol. 96:13033-13065.
- Cell:** B255
Comment: Rick Heede:
Boyer, C. M., J. R. Kelafant, V. A. Kuuskraa, K. C. Manger, & D. Kruger (1990) Methane Emissions from Coal Mining: Issues and Opportunities for Reduction, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Air and Radiation; EPA-400/9-90/008.
- Cell:** B256
Comment: Rick Heede:
Cicerone, R.J., & R. Oremland (1988) Global Biogeochemical Cycles, vol. 2:299-327.
- Cell:** B257
Comment: Rick Heede:
Crutzen, Paul J. (1991) Methane's sinks and sources, Nature, vol. 350:380-381, 4Apr91.
- Cell:** C263

Comment: Rick Heede:

Stern, David I., & Robert K. Kaufmann (1998) Annual Estimates of Global Anthropogenic Methane Emissions: 1860-1994, U.S. DOE, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center, 2 pp., <http://cdiac.esd.ornl.gov/trends/meth/ch4.htm>
Note: Stern & Kaufmann's emissions estimates run from 1860-1994, and CMS has extrapolated their trends through 2004 assuming a gradually declining methane emissions rate per tonne of coal mined (in order to account for rising utilization of captured methane, especially in Europe and North America).

Cell: N273

Comment: Rick Heede:

CMS calculation, 9Jan07. Note that CDIAC coal emissions of Carbon is summed for the same years (1860-2004) as the Stern & Kaufmann estimate of coal-mining emissions of methane. In CO₂-eq terms, 5.77 kg CH₄/tCO₂ = 121.2 kg CO₂-eq/tCO₂, or 12.12 percent.

Cell: G326

Comment: Rick Heede:

"The decrease in coal mining CH₄ emissions from 1995 to 2000 is caused primarily by mine closures and a significant reduction in coal production during this time period.² Between 1998 and 2002, the government of China closed tens of thousands of small mines (Andrews-Speed et al, 2005). While EPA's methodology captures the impact of these closures on overall production, the methodology does not distinguish between mining at large and small mines. It is unclear how emissions intensity may differ at various types of mines, and the extent to which production shifted from small to large mines. Moreover, EPA does not estimate emissions from abandoned mines, so emissions resulting from these closures are not reflected in the estimates. China and India, among other countries, have extensive uncontrolled fires in their coal mining regions which may add to fugitive emissions, but are not included in the estimates (Stracher and Taylor, 2004)."

US EPA (2011) Draft Global Anthropogenic Non-CO₂ Greenhouse Gas Emissions: 1990-2030, Offc Atm Programs, Aug11, page 3-7.

Cell: H326

Comment: Rick Heede:

EPA (2011) uses SAR (IPCC, 1996) GWP values; CH₄ is 21xCO₂; page 1-2.

Cell: Q592

Comment: Rick Heede:

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